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      UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
      SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK
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      ACTAVA TV, INC., et al.,
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                     Plaintiffs,
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                                                18 CV 6626 (ALC)(KNF)
                 v.
                                                Telephone Conference
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      JOINT STOCK COMPANY "CHANNEL
      ONE RUSSIA WORLDWIDE, " et al.,
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                     Defendants.
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9
                                                New York, N.Y.
                                                May 28, 2020
                                                10:35 a.m.
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      Before:
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                             HON. KEVIN N. FOX,
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                                                Magistrate Judge
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                                 APPEARANCES
      FRANKFURT KURNIT KLEIN & SELZ PC
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           Attorneys for Plaintiffs
      BY: TOBY M.J. BUTTERFIELD
16
           -and-
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      MOSES & SINGER LLP
      BY: VALERIE M. CASTANARO
           MICHAEL M. ROSENBERG
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      DUNNINGTON BARTHOLOW & MILLER LLP
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           Attorneys for Defendants
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      BY: RAYMOND J. DOWD
           AKBAR AZAM KHAN
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           HARDIN P. ROWLEY
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1 (The Court and all parties appearing telephonically) 2 (Case called) 3 THE COURT: Counsel to the plaintiffs, please note 4 your appearance. 5 MR. BUTTERFIELD: Good morning, your Honor. This is 6 Toby Butterfield, of Moses & Singer. Your Honor, with your 7 permission, I will probably defer on the substance of the applications today to my colleague, Michael Rosenberg, who I 8 9 understand is on the line along with other -- my other 10 colleagues. 11 MR. ROSENBERG: Yes, your Honor. Michael Rosenberg, also for the plaintiffs, also of Moses & Singer LLP. 12 13 THE COURT: Good morning to both of you. 14 MS. CASTANARO: And Valeria Castanaro, also for the 15 plaintiffs. Good morning, your Honor. 16 THE COURT: Good morning. 17 Counsel for defendants, please note your appearance. 18 MR. DOWD: Good morning, your Honor. This is Raymond 19 Dowd, of the Dunnington firm. And with me today -- and, 20 similarly, we'd ask the Court's permission to divide the 21 argument -- are Hardin Rowley and Akbar Khan. I'll ask them to

MR. ROWLEY: This is Hardin Rowley, from Dunnington. Good morning, your Honor.

THE COURT: Good morning.

introduce themselves.

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1 MR. KHAN: Good morning. This is Akbar Khan.

THE COURT: Good morning.

I want to begin with the writing that appears at docket entry No. 163. With respect to that writing, the plaintiffs contend that the nondisclosure agreement, the NDA, cannot be disclosed without Matvil's consent, which Matvil has withheld.

Have the defendants sought to subpoena the NDA from Matvil?

MR. DOWD: No, your Honor, we have not.

THE COURT: Is there a reason why you haven't done that?

MR. DOWD: Well, there's case law that says plaintiffs have effective control over the document, that they can produce it themselves. They're in a business relationship with them that's ongoing that's evidenced by a U.S. trademark filing, and they refused to even tell us what's in the NDA. We don't know what's in it. And it would be a great expense for our client to file letters rogatory in Canada to get this information. And we only learned about the existence of the NDA about three weeks ago in a footnote of a letter from 2018. So they've withheld this information from us. We could have done this earlier, but we learned about it, and we only recently had discovery extended two months, and based on plaintiffs' letters, rogatory experience, which has taken about a year, I

don't think it's in anyone's interests to delay the proceedings another year to go through Canadian courts again.

THE COURT: But if you're aware from the plaintiffs that there is a bar to disclosure without consent from Matvil, which you now know Matvil is not giving, if you are desirous of the document, it seems incumbent upon you to make efforts to get it that you haven't made by a subpoena, even though you may have to pursue foreign channels to get the document.

MR. DOWD: Well, we asked plaintiffs for a copy of their communications with Matvil when Matvil denied this, and we haven't received that either. So we don't really know if what plaintiffs are telling us is accurate.

THE COURT: Well, I think that if you want the document, you should pursue it from Matvil because it's unlikely that the plaintiffs are going to breach their agreement with Matvil. And this is a way, perhaps, to have Matvil, perhaps, reassess its position. Maybe you can contact Matvil short of a subpoena, and Matvil may not want to expend resources to litigate over a subpoenaed document and might reassess its view on whether it would agree to have the plaintiffs surrender the document to you.

MR. DOWD: We can reach out to Matvil, your Honor. We can do that.

THE COURT: All right.

In that same writing, appearing at docket entry

No. 163, the plaintiffs contend that the defendants did not meet and confer regarding the plaintiffs' performance under the referral agreement with Matvil or the defendants' contention that the plaintiffs' responses to document requests that pertained to the plaintiffs' claimed \$30 million projected losses are deficient. Parties must meet and confer on issues, such as these, before presenting them to the Court.

So, the only reference to meet and confer in the document appearing at docket entry 163 pertains to a meet-and-confer on another topic back in April 2019. So the parties are going to have to meet and confer on these contested issues unless there's some evidence that there has been a meet-and-confer on these two matters.

MR. DOWD: Your Honor, we did meet and confer, and I have a letter from April 5th, 2019, from Mr. Butterfield talking about that anticipated meet-and-confer, which we did have around April 11th.

A lot of the issues that we met and conferred with plaintiff — most of their responses are not really objections. They said they would produce documents, and we waited patiently until December of 2019, when they told us they were completed. That's when we realized they weren't producing documents related to damages, discovery, and just generally in support of their claims, and that's why we filed this application.

So, we did meet and confer with them.

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THE COURT: I'm sorry, I didn't hear clearly everything that you said. Would you mind repeating it, please?

MR. DOWD: Sure.

On April 5th, 2019, we have a letter, and we can provide it to you, from Mr. Butterfield discussing this meet-and-confer, which we had around April 11th, 2019. And when we met during that meet-and-confer, we focused on, obviously, their objections, plaintiffs' objections. majority of their responses said they would produce responsive documents. What happened was we waited, and we expected them to come on a rolling basis, and then in December of 2019, they said they were finished. That's why we made inquiries if they were completed, and they said yes, and that's why we filed this application, which is seeking documents related to their damages and to our damages, because we've alleged breach of contract, and a lot of these documents would go to our damages against plaintiffs, and they haven't produced them. A lot of these are basic things about communications with Matvil, which they have not produced either and that certainly help support the case, and we're just trying to find that out. So we did meet and confer.

THE COURT: I want to be clear: The meet-and-confer back in April 2019 was specific to the performance on the referral agreement and the \$30 million that are referenced in, I think it is, paragraph 82 of the amended complaint; that's

defendants' position?

MR. DOWD: Yes, your Honor.

THE COURT: All right. Let me turn to plaintiffs' counsel.

Do you recall, back in April 2019, a specific meet-and-confer exchange with defendants on the issue of performance under the referral agreement and the projected losses?

MR. ROSENBERG: Your Honor, we do recall that the issue --

THE COURT: Would you identify yourself for the reporter, please.

MR. ROSENBERG: Yes, your Honor. Michael Rosenberg, for the plaintiffs.

Your Honor, we did not have a meet-and-confer specifically covering what's in the application today. I believe that in passing, the issue arose, and we represented that we would be producing documents on an ongoing basis, which is what we have continued to do. We have indicated that we will produce all documents by seven days prior to the depositions in this case, which will occur sometime in June. Contrary to the representation just made, we never stated that by December of last year, the productions had already been complete. But our position is that we have produced documents reflecting the performance of the referral agreements, and the

same goes for documents relating to our damages.

We haven't certified, yet, that our productions are complete, however, and that goes for all the parties in this case. We do not recall a meet-and-confer specifically about the issues raised in this application, and that's part of the problem with the motion practice in this case, is that it's hard to keep track of what applications refer to a certain meet-and-confer. However, we're willing to diligently work with the defendants in good faith to produce what they believe is deficient. And, again, by the application today, it's still unclear to us exactly what they believe we have not produced.

THE COURT: Defense counsel, do you want to be heard further?

MR. DOWD: I would ask --

MR. BUTTERFIELD: Toby Butterfield.

May I supplement with one other point, your Honor? This is Toby Butterfield.

THE COURT: Go ahead, Mr. Butterfield.

MR. BUTTERFIELD: This is the problem: The defendants are relying on a meet-and-confer conference back in April 2019, before many, many document productions were made by the defendants. And they came to this Court on this application seeking, without having raised the issue again, for a motion to compel about 65 different undifferentiated requests. The list of the categories is very lengthy.

And the problem, I think, as I see it, is that they should have identified which documents they are saying we haven't produced rather than just coming to this Court and saying every single one of these is deficient, because we produced a lot of documents since then.

THE COURT: How would the defendants be able to identify for you what you haven't produced unless the defendants are privy to all of the documents in your possession and under your control?

MR. BUTTERFIELD: Well, I think the issue may be, in part, the question of which documents respond to which request. And, as required, we've identified for them which documents respond primarily to which response. But this is all a bit moot, your Honor, and premature because we're in the middle of preparing damages reports from experts, who will presumably be deposed, and those are going to identify the basis for the damages contentions and the support for them.

So, there are also damages documents which we're seeking from Matvil pursuant to the letters rogatory. So, our position is really this application is, we think, misguided and not really the most efficient way to get to the issue that Mr. Dowd wants to try and nail down as to all the different categories of requests to which every single document in our document production responds to.

THE COURT: When is it that the damages calculation

and expert submission to you is going to be provided to your adversaries?

MR. BUTTERFIELD: Well, it depends a little bit on what happens in the Canadian proceeding, as we explained to your Honor in a recent letter requesting a slight extension of the time for remaining discovery. But we are contemplating that we will finalize our expert's report in late June or early July.

THE COURT: So the defendants should just wait until then because you cannot give any information about the allegation in the complaint that projects \$30 million of losses until July?

MR. BUTTERFIELD: No, your Honor. We think we've given lots of documents that relate to that, and they're all within our document production. Mr. Dowd's complaint seems to be that he isn't -- he wants us to sort of -- it's sort of like without having served contention interrogatories, in which he would request us to identify which document -- all the different categories to which every single document we have produced relates, he wants the Court to order production of documents, many of which, and not all of which, we have already produced.

THE COURT: I'm not altogether certain I'm understanding what you're saying. There's an allegation in the complaint that there are projected losses of \$30 million. If

there is a request for information about that allegation, is it the plaintiffs' position that the defendants should wait until the expert prepares something about all damages or that the plaintiffs have provided information key to that allegation in the complaint — I think the paragraph is 82, I could be wrong about that — and if it's the latter, can you identify which document or documents you believe address the allegation of a projected loss of \$30 million? And maybe that would pinpoint for the defendants exactly what you say has been provided and close this matter.

MR. BUTTERFIELD: I guess what I'm saying, your Honor, is that I think that this application is misguided because it's based on a meet-and-confer, on communication, 13 months ago, in which it was impossible for us, because we hadn't yet produced documents, to have any of those conversations. What Mr. Dowd should have done, if he wanted to identify all the different documents concerning damages, he should have served a contention interrogatory asking for that. We will undoubtedly identify all the different documents that we're relying on at the time that we produce our expert report.

THE COURT: I'm not understanding the position, because, in the first set of interrogatories, under the local rules of this Court, a party can ask for a calculation of damages, so you don't have to wait until the end of discovery when contention interrogatories can be served. That's one of

the first categories in the first set of interrogatories that can be addressed by the local rules. So, that's one thing.

The second thing is that, again, if the plaintiffs' position is, we have addressed the allegation about projected losses of \$30 million in some document or documents we have already submitted to the defendants, if that's the plaintiffs' position, tell me that now.

MR. BUTTERFIELD: Yes, that is our position, your Honor.

THE COURT: Okay.

Which document or documents, can you pinpoint them for the defendants, so that they can look at them and know, okay, here is where the plaintiffs are responding providing information about that \$30 million projected, it's in document X dated this document, it's in document Y dated that date? Can you do that for the defendants?

MR. BUTTERFIELD: If that is what you want to direct us to do, without us having been heard on all these other approximately 65 different categories, your Honor, which I think we should go back and do the proper meet-and-confer with the defendants to resolve this issue, but if you want us to just deal with this by identifying documents which confirm damages, we can do that.

THE COURT: No, not documents that concern damages. I'm focusing only on the allegation that was raised in document

163 about the \$30 million projection. You've already told me there's going to be a submission from an expert on all damages — that's fine, that will come when it comes — but I want to forestall having these numerous writings sent to me, seemingly daily, on matters that can be resolved rather quickly. There's a question about these projected losses, you've indicated you've already provided documents that address that, if it's identified for the defendant, these are the documents that speak to the \$30 million directives, that closes the door on that, we don't have to waste any more time on that. Certainly not my time.

I have made clear earlier that meeting and conferring is absolutely required before you bring matters to the Court. The matters now before me, I don't want to come back in a week or two and revisit the same matter. So let's close the door on it now, if we can. That's an efficient way to proceed and an economical way to proceed, and that's what Rule 1 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure suggest should be done, that the parties should have an efficient and economic litigation.

I want to move now to the item at docket entry

No. 164, where there is a request by the defendants for 28

email messages by Diana Tsutieva, because I'm seeing, without

foundation, the defendants assert that these communications are

not attorney-client communication because Ms. Tsutieva is the

daughter of Defendant Rouslan Tsutiev, and that she once served

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as general counsel to Actava TV. This issue of Ms. Tsutieva's stated as counsel to plaintiffs was addressed by me in the conference on May 5, 2020, and we can't continue to resurrect issues already resolved. That's not productive, it's not a good use of anyone's time. So, I'm not going to grant the request made by the defendants that's reflected in docket entry No. 164.

We'll come now to the matter that's docket entry No. 165. The last time we spoke, on May 5, 2020, the plaintiffs requested an opportunity to submit some legal authority to me on the issue that was discussed about exception to attorney-client privilege. That issue came up in connection with a number of communications that appeared or were identified on a privilege log, and matters on the privilege log were sent to me for in camera review, review was made. writing at docket entry No. 165 isn't as narrowly tailored as I was led to believe would be coming to me, but, in any event, cases and arguments made by the plaintiffs in docket entry No. 165 do not persuade me that the common interest exception does not apply to the contested communications that were at issue when we spoke back on May 5, 2020. So the position that I took then with respect to those writings, and whether they're under the cover of the common interest exception, I maintain that position.

So those are the matters I wanted to raise with you.

I note that there is another outstanding writing from the parties. Unfortunately, my time was constrained all of last weekend on criminal matters, and I could not get to that document in time to address it during this conference. I would have preferred to do that, to be efficient, but it was not possible. So, I will be back to you when I have analyzed the writing -- I think it's docket entry No. 167 -- and alert you when I can have a conference with you to address that matter if a conference is needed.

Thank you very much. Good day.

COUNSEL: Your Honor, one more issue?

THE COURT: Yes.

MR. ROSENBERG: I'll defer to Toby Butterfield on this.

MR. BUTTERFIELD: No, go ahead, Mr. Rosenberg.

MR. ROSENBERG: Your Honor, I think the remaining issue is the authority of the channels to bring these applications.

Again, this is Michael Rosenberg, for the plaintiffs.

THE COURT: Oh, yes, I wanted to raise it, I'm sorry.

I have a note to myself about the power of attorney that was discussed during the May 5 conference, and I was given to understand that Mr. Dowd would be making efforts to nail that down quickly because there was raised by the plaintiffs a question of whether there is continued representation by one of

the corporate defendants by Mr. Dowd, and, as I mentioned that on May 5, since a corporate entity cannot appear in an action pro se, it might be the Channel defendant might be in a default status if it's not represented by counsel.

Mr. Dowd, what is the latest on whether you have been authorized to continue to represent Channel through a power of attorney?

MR. DOWD: Your Honor, I received written assurances yesterday that the issue is being dealt with and that, hopefully, they're trying to speed up the process. They're dealing with COVID issues in Moscow. And I reiterate that I've been in communication, and I have authority from the client, it's just a question of having the power of attorney. So, we are making all efforts, and as soon as I have it, I will provide it, but in the meantime, I've got the authority.

MR. ROSENBERG: Your Honor --

THE COURT: Just a moment.

I have made clear what the vulnerability is that

Channel has given this, I guess the word is, lapse in the power of attorney and the delay in getting a new power of attorney or a renewed power of attorney -- I don't know what the right phrase is -- but it places Channel in a very vulnerable position, and I don't know what action, if any, plaintiffs will take because of that, but I have made clear what the vulnerability is to Channel because of the lapse of power of

attorney.

Mr. Rosenberg, you wanted to be heard?

MR. ROSENBERG: Yes, your Honor. I just point out that we've been requesting this power of attorney for many months now, arguably before COVID took hold on a worldwide scale. The power of attorney has lapsed as of March 2020, and we would just request that your Honor set a date certain, perhaps June 5th, by which the defendants must submit a power of attorney or else the plaintiffs are permitted to submit an application to hold them in default.

MR. DOWD: May I be heard?

There's no precedent or authority for this type of application. I've never heard of it. I've made the representations to the Court that we have a retainer agreement, that we have ongoing communications with the client. I have never seen any case law where the lapse of a power of attorney had any effect on a lawyer's actual or apparent authority.

Notwithstanding that, as I said, I'm representing to the Court that I've conveyed faithfully the Court's thoughts on this, or its views, as your Honor expressed, faithfully to the client. The client has written to me that they're making efforts to get the paperwork resolved, and I hope to report soon, but I don't think any of this, in any way, could possibly be viewed to prejudice the plaintiff or the plaintiffs' actions. So the client is aware and is fully on notice.

THE COURT: Very well.

I am going to reject the request made by Mr. Rosenberg that I put a time certain on you and your client. You have the document power of attorney in place. I have, again, made clear the vulnerability that a corporate entity faces that is not represented by counsel in a litigation, and whatever application that any party wants to make with respect to that, any party can make, and I'm not inviting unnecessary motion practice. Again, I expressed to you today the desire that you have an economical litigation, an efficient litigation, but the vulnerability of the defendant entity has been expressed, and we proceed in that fashion.

Thank you very much. Good day.

COUNSEL: Thank you, your Honor.

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